

FIGHT MOB WHILE AWAITING STORM

Sum of Woes of Mobile
People Not Yet
Complete.

SPECIAL OFFICER
FATALITY SHOT

Sheriff Driving Negroes to Work
Efforts to Prevent Death of
Women and Children
From Privation,
Signals Ordered
Down.

WILL RAISE FUND FOR STORM SUFFERERS

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 2.—The American National Red Cross today decided to receive contributions for the relief of the storm sufferers in the Gulf States, and sent instructions to the presidents of all the State branches of the organizations asking them to make announcement that they will receive money for the purpose indicated. Persons living in States which have no Red Cross branches may send their contributions to the national treasurer, Charles Hallam Kepp, Assistant Secretary of the United States Treasury.

MOBILE, ALA., October 2.—Storm signals have been ordered down along the north coast of the Gulf.

Sheriff Powers, just returned from the west coast of Mobile Bay, says conditions are much improved. Negroes are refusing to work, despite liberal offers from railroads and other employers. Sheriff Powers has threatened to arrest all who will not work at their own homes or for others. The sheriff insists that the women and children be sent from the devastated points to Mobile, where they can receive proper care. He fears that otherwise, many deaths will result from privation.

Mob Attacks Jail.

Roy Hoyle, a special officer of the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, and one of the most widely known and best liked men in this vicinity, was fatally shot and Alderman Sidney Lyons, chairman of the City Council of Mobile, was slightly wounded tonight during a riot at the county jail at 11 o'clock, and was at least eight miles from the city when the mob, a crowd of men determined to capture Dick Robinson, a young negro, The mob is still hunting the negro and will lynch him if possible. The negro, who is only sixteen years of age, today attacked Hoyle, the twenty-year-old daughter of Elbert Sossaman, who lives about three miles from here.

Robinson was arrested, identified by the girl and brought secretly to Mobile for the night. He was not taken to the county jail at 11 o'clock, and was at least eight miles from the city when the mob, which was determined to have him, approached the building.

Sheriff Powers met the leaders of the mob and insisted that the man they were seeking was not in the jail, and had never been brought there. He offered to let anybody whom he personally knew pass through the jail to satisfy the crowd of the truth of his statement.

About forty men walked through the corridors and some of them returned and assured the mob that the man was not there. A portion of the crowd, however, took a tall, rawboned man, whose name is not known, seized a telephone pole, which had been blown down in the recent storm, and dashed it against the closed part of a double door, one-half of which was open. The door fell with a crash, and almost instantly a shot came from a revolver in the hands of a man standing at the gate. About a dozen shots were fired, when there was a stampede on the part of the crowd for shelter. Alderman Lyons, who was on the inside of the jail, was shot in the hand, and Roy Hoyle received a bullet through the left lung.

The crowd later learned that Robinson had been taken to a point eight miles away on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, and were to be placed on the train and carried still further. As soon as this was known, fully three hundred men boarded the Mobile and Ohio passenger train leaving here at 8:25 P. M. with the expressed intention of lynching the negro if they could get hold of him.

Governor J. J. Davis, who was in the city tonight, ordered that three companies of militia be brought to the city as quickly as possible.

Destruction Widespread.
Joseph Craibell, of the corps of engineers, U. S. A., who is in charge of the Mobile light-house, district, returned today from a tour of inspection of that part of the coast on which the storm was heaviest. Although the damage is mainly confined to points between Cape San Blas on the east to Gulfport on the west, it is so extensive that many months will be necessary to restore the service. The following lights have been destroyed: Mobile Bay beacon, Middle Ground, Middle Grand, No. 2 A, No. 4 A, No. 6 A, No. 8 A, Mobile Bay A, No. 10 A, No. 12 A, No. 14 A.

Cape San Blas light is badly damaged, two bulls' eyes and a reflector being destroyed. All houses at the light are also gone, and Fort Barrancas light's entire front is destroyed. Pensacola Bay, Fort Barrancas light, Sand Island light—everything gone except the tower. Horn Island light, entire station destroyed. Gulfport, all beacons destroyed. Mobile Point, beacon frontage gone.

Druggists in Session.

ATLANTA, GA., October 2.—The first business session of the eighth annual convention of the National Retail Druggists today was devoted to the annual election of President M. T. Brewster, the report of the executive committee and the appointment of committees for the coming year, which will conclude Friday.



JUDGE A. S. PARKER.

FORMER CANDIDATE DENOUNCES HEARST

Judge Parker Declares Statements
Made by Newspaper Men Are
"Wholly False."

NEW YORK, October 2.—Judge Alton B. Parker tonight gave out a statement in reply to an attack made upon him by William R. Hearst in a recent campaign speech. In his address, Mr. Hearst said that Judge Parker had appeared in an election case on the side of election criminals in the court he formerly presided over and there argued against and secured a reversal of an opinion he had formerly rendered. Judge Parker's statement follows:

"I should probably pay no more attention to his insinuations and maliciously false speech than I have to his other attacks, were it not that his speech constituted an attack upon a court with a membership that is not surpassed in this or any other country. While that court is so well grounded in the confidence and the affections of the people as to need no defense from any such attack, the opportunity is afforded to warn the people that a man having such conceptions of the judiciary as to permit him to make such an attack ought never to be permitted to name men for the bench, as it is said Hearst contemplates doing under the Murphy-Hearst deal."

"I will refer also to one other statement made by Hearst. After stating the fact that I had appeared in the McCallan-Hearst election contest and made arguments therein, he said of the people of the city of New York who employed him as their corporation attorney wanted him to do it and held him to do it."

KELLEY ARRESTED: SON OF PRESIDENT WITNESS

BOSTON, MASS., October 2.—Further investigation by the Boston police and action today by the grand jury in connection with the assault on a policeman on Boston common last Thursday evening, in which Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., was involved, resulted tonight in the arrest in Cambridge of Shaun Kelley, a Philadelphia, a company of young Roosevelt, and president of the sophomore class of Harvard. Kelley was arrested on a warrant issued by the Municipal Court of this city, charging an unknown person with an assault on a police officer. He will appear in court for a hearing to-morrow morning.

Summons was served on young Roosevelt and Meredith Blackden, another Harvard student, to appear as witnesses in a Suffolk county grand jury investigation of the case next Thursday.

PRESIDENT REMOVES POLITICIAN MARSHAL

WASHINGTON, October 2.—The President has determined to remove from office Vivian J. Pagan, United States Marshal for the Southern District of Ohio, upon the report of the Civil Service Commission that he had been guilty of making political assessments, and Marshal B. F. O'Neil, of the Western District of Louisiana, on the allegation of general unfitness as disclosed by the reports of a commissioner of the Department of Justice.

MANY STEAMERS TIED TO BALTIMORE WHARVES

BALTIMORE, MD., October 2.—At the close of the second day of the fight of licensed officers of the steamboats of the Baltimore, Chesapeake and Atlantic and the Maryland, Delaware and Virginia Railway Companies for increased pay, the advantage seems more decidedly on the side of the men than it did last night. The four boats that failed to sail yesterday as scheduled, remain tied to their wharves and to them have been added four more, while the companies have been able to add but two to the number of boats sailing as scheduled. But what is looked upon as decidedly the most important development of the day is the apparent change in the attitude of Captain Willard Thompson, general manager of the lines affected, who, after having steadily refused to recognize or have any communication with the officers of the national organization with which the captains and mates of his lines are affiliated, today sought an interview with Captain John C. Sylva, president of the Grand Harbor Association, Captain Sylva sent reply that he would meet Captain Thompson only with his full committee and at their headquarters, and to this Captain Thompson is said to have assented and appointment was made for to-morrow.

Schooner Ashore.

CAPE HENRY, VA., October 2.—An unknown schooner is ashore at Little Kinn's Keel. Particulars are not yet obtainable.

MARINES HOLDING REBELS IN LEASH

Arrived in Cienfuegos
Just in Time to Pre-
vent Outbreak.

PALMA DEPARTS AND IS CHEERED

President Declares He Does Not
Desire Annexation Now—Will
Give the Cubans Another
Chance — Magoon
Will Be Gov-
ernor.

HAVANA, October 2.—Ex-President Palma today vacated the palace here, and Governor Taft will take up his residence there during the week. The disarmament proceedings are going on without a hitch in the vicinity of Havana. Elsewhere they have not begun. While there is some question as to whether the disarmament will be accomplished in the Cienfuegos region without some friction, no opposition of consequence is anticipated.

The news from Cienfuegos, province of Santa Clara, is that the 400 marines from Havana arrived there today, as the situation was threatening, caused partly by the dissatisfaction of the volunteers over the prospect of being disbanded with pay only for the actual time served and partly by the uneasiness of the revolutionists surrounding the city.

The disarmament commission sent from Havana began work today in the vicinity of Santa Clara City, and it is expected that a thousand of the Glorians men will be entrained for their homes in Pinar del Rio Province to-morrow from a point near Havana.

Major Ladd, of the disarmament commission, reports that he is having no trouble whatever with the insurgents in Havana Province, many of them actually laying down their arms, and others retaining their own rifles.

Palma Departs.

President Palma's departure from the palace and from the capital of Cuba today was so quiet and unostentatious that it was scarcely realized that he had gone until his special train was traveling eastward.

All the family was visibly affected over the circumstances surrounding their sudden departure in little more than four months after Palma had been inaugurated under such apparently happy auspices. The family, with the servants following, descended the marble staircase for the last time walking to the entrance of the palace. No further allusion was said. The ex-president entered a closed carriage, which was driven rapidly to the Cahallera wharf, followed by Senator Mantovani in an automobile.

The party boarded the Department of Public Works tug Natalie, on which they were taken to Regia, the baggage and other effects having already preceded them. There were more than a score of persons outside the palace when the ex-president left it, and there was very little cheering at the wharf where the family embarked, though several tugs, steamers and launches gave a parting salute with their whistles.

On arriving at Regia, while passing from the tug to the train, the ex-president was greeted with hearty cheers and cries of "Long live Tomas Estrada Palma" for the honor of the nation.

PRESIDENT IS NOT AFTER ANNEXATION

Declares He Wants Cubans to Be
Given Another Chance at
Self-Government.

WASHINGTON, October 2.—President Roosevelt discussed freely today with his cabinet, and with individual callers, among whom were Senators Knox and

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ROCKEFELLER HAS FLED TO TARRYTOWN

Oil King Located and Said to Be
Worried About Approach-
ing Trial.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
CLEVELAND, OHIO, October 2.—John D. Rockefeller is in Tarrytown, N. Y. This was the statement made today by Virgil P. Kline, the Oil King's attorney here. This information was given up by him with great reluctance, and only after a great amount of questioning. From the fact that Rockefeller left Cleveland so hurriedly as to be unable to take Mrs. Rockefeller with him, many of his friends argue that he is worried about the approaching trial at Findlay, Ohio, in which he is to appear as witness.

That Mr. Rockefeller had long been worrying about the attitude of the public toward him, and concerning the approaching trial of the Standard Oil suit at Findlay, is asserted by one of his oldest friends.

The suit will come up before Judge Barker, and the jury will be summoned this week.

MOODY AND SHAW WILL RETIRE FROM CABINET; MEYER GOES IN



ATTORNEY-GENERAL MOODY.

HELPLESS WOMEN AND BABES LEFT

Seventeen Mothers and Forty-
Eight Children Thrown Upon
Charity of City.

NEGLECTED BY HUSBANDS

Serious Problem Confronting the
Associated Charities—Appeals
Are Made to Fathers.

During the most prosperous year that Richmond has ever had, when large employers of labor are keeping armies walking the streets and meeting the railroad trains to secure men to work the Associated Charities have just closed the busiest month during their existence. A new and far-reaching problem has developed which takes in time and finances the Associated Charities of Richmond. During the month of September seventeen good mothers and forty-eight helpless children have been thrown upon the charity of the city, where the fathers were healthy, able-bodied men.

Five of them were women deserted by their husbands, who simply walked off, caring not what became of the wife they had sworn before the altar to love and support, and regardless of what might happen to the innocent, helpless children, whom by all the instincts of humanity and parental love, they should have shielded. Twelve of the women were neglected by the husbands, who through drink had become so indifferent to the welfare of their families that they neglected them, whom by all the instincts of humanity and parental love, they should have shielded. Twelve of the women were neglected by the husbands, who through drink had become so indifferent to the welfare of their families that they neglected them, whom by all the instincts of humanity and parental love, they should have shielded.

No Solution in Sight.

This is a varied and far-reaching problem, from which there is no solution. Every case must be taken upon its merits and dealt with accordingly. Last week a beautiful young woman, recently married, was referred to the office of the Associated Charities by one of the city's leading business men, whose heart had been touched by the sad story of desertion told him through his wife. Alone with relatives in a far Southern city, she was helpless. The Associated Charities secured transportation, and induced her relatives to receive her, where she sits pensively thinking of him who ought to have been her support and comfort in her hour of need.

In several cases where the husband was

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MOODY AND SHAW WILL RETIRE FROM CABINET; MEYER GOES IN

Armed With Revolver and Be-
laying Pins Officers Over-
come Men.

NEW YORK, October 2.—Mutiny on board the British bark Port Stanley, which the rebellious crew were beaten into submission, was reported today by Captain Howe, of the tug William J. McVitt, which towed the vessel to sea. The tug was towing the transport Hamner, with United States troops aboard, out of the harbor, when she noticed the Port Stanley in the Horseshoe at Sandy Hook, flying signals for a tow. Later Captain Howe responded and was apprised of the trouble. According to Captain Howe's report, the crew of twenty-five aboard the Port Stanley rebelled Sunday afternoon, while the vessel was lying in the Horseshoe, awaiting favorable weather to proceed on her voyage to Melbourne and Sydney, Australia. They took exception to the manner of the officers in giving orders and to the quality of the food served them. They attempted to take charge of the vessel, it was reported, in order to return to land. Captain Edison, armed with a revolver, and his officers with playing pins, after a fight, drove the men below decks and nailed down the hatches.



AMBASSADOR MEYER.

President's Persuasions Unable to Retain At- torney-General.

WASHINGTON, October 2.—Two retirements from the President's Cabinet are slated for the coming winter. They are those of Attorney-General Moody, whose resignation will become effective about the first of December, and that of Secretary of the Treasury Shaw, who, according to present intentions, will retire in February. For one of the vacancies to be created the President will nominate George V. L. Meyer, American Ambassador in Russia, but for the other he is not yet ready to announce a successor. Mr. Roosevelt has sought to prevail on Attorney-General Moody to remain in the Cabinet, but the latter, because of business arrangements he has made, has found it impossible to do so.

ANIMALS CONTRIBUTE TO CAMPAIGN FUND

[From Our Regular Correspondent.]
WASHINGTON, D. C., October 2.—John Edwards, of Jackson, Miss., sent to Secretary Edwards, of the Interstate Congressional Committee, to-day a check for \$101, representing money collected for the campaign fund. In a letter accompanying the check, Edwards says that as dogs and cats are voted in Philadelphia, he has dared to contribute one dollar in the name of each of his two dogs and another dollar for his favorite cat. He also sends a dollar for his wife, daughter and himself, respectively. The rest represents money collected in dollar subscriptions from his friends. Secretary Edwards says this is the largest amount yet sent to the committee by one person.

ATTEMPTS TO THROW TRAINS FROM BRIDGE

GENEVA, N. Y., October 2.—Three attempts were made early today to wreck trains on the Pennsylvania division of the New York Central Railroad near here. The obstructions were discovered in time to prevent a disaster. It was the evident purpose of the would-be wreckers to throw the trains off the bridge which spans a small stream thirty feet below.

REFUSE TO ENDORSE BRYAN FOR PRESIDENT

CAMBRIDGE, MASS., October 2.—Frederick S. Dietrich, of this city, was nominated for Congress by the Democrats of the Eighth Massachusetts District tonight. The convention refused by a vote of 41 to 2 to endorse the candidacy of William J. Bryan for President.

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MOODY AND SHAW WILL RETIRE FROM CABINET; MEYER GOES IN

Dr. Wilson Cables That He Will
Not Leave University for
Political Honors.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
NEW YORK, October 2.—For a week past the name of Dr. Woodrow Wilson, president of Princeton University, has been mentioned as the one on which the Cleveland Democrats of New Jersey would unite as their candidate for the United States Senate. Dr. Wilson, who is now abroad, was asked today to call his position. The telegram sent to him was: "Your name is being used as a candidate for United States Senator from New Jersey. Did you authorize this?" President Wilson's reply, sent from Ambleside, England, was received today. It reads: "Did not authorize use of my name. Very much complimented that I should be thought of for the Senate, but could not leave my work at Princeton." While Dr. Wilson is thus eliminated as a candidate, the Democrats will continue their quest for a man whose candidacy will appeal to the citizens of the State.

TOBACCO GROWERS TO FIGHT TRUST

Virginia and North Carolina As-
sociation Agree Upon Definite
Line of Action.

FARMERS WILL HOLD CROPS

Nearly 1,000 Sign Pledge to Place
It in Hands of Committee to
Deal With Situation.

[Special to Southern Bell Telephone.]
DANVILLE, VA., October 2.—The Mutual Protective Association of Tobacco Growers of Virginia and North Carolina, incorporated several months ago under the laws of Virginia, convened here today. Fully seven hundred of the sovereigns of the soil were present, and the meeting was probably the largest gathering of the farmers ever held in Danville. Delegates from all parts of the two States assembled, and when the speakers accepted the American Tobacco Company as responsible for the condition of the farmers, there was tumultuous applause.

The object of the association is to adopt a method whereby the farmer can hold his tobacco until a satisfactory price can be obtained, and steps in that direction were taken today, when pledges were read from over a thousand farmers, agreeing to place the whole, or a portion of their crop of 1906 in the hands of a committee for disposal.

Responsible for Low Prices.

The meeting was called to order at 1 o'clock by Mr. S. B. Adams, of Charlotte county, the president, who, in his opening remarks, arraigned the tobacco trust for being responsible for the low prices paid for tobacco. Before the trust was formed, he said, there was competition, and steps in that direction were taken today, when pledges were read from over a thousand farmers, agreeing to place the whole, or a portion of their crop of 1906 in the hands of a committee for disposal.

President Adams was followed by Mr. H. O. Kerns, of Sutherland, the president of the Virginia Association. Mr. Kerns said the American Tobacco Trust could not exist without tobacco, and the American Tobacco Company fixed the prices.

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Fight the Trust.

Professor J. M. Sharpe, secretary of the North Carolina Association, and others also spoke. All the speakers talked along similar lines, and urged that the farmers generally get together and fight the common foe—the Tobacco Trust. The way to do this, they declared, was to do away with the auction sales, and have the tobacco steam prices and direct to the consumer. A committee was appointed at today's meeting to receive pledges from farmers who will agree to place their tobacco in granaries in Danville. The committee reported that the granaries had a thousand farmers had pledged the pledges and agreed to deliver over a million and a half pounds of tobacco to the association. Following is the contract signed by the farmers:

"We, the undersigned, members of the Mutual Association of British Tobacco Growers, Inc., hereby pledge that we will deliver, at the place designated by said association, our crops of tobacco grown in the year 1906, to the association, and that we will have the tobacco stored in the granaries at an advance of 10 per cent of value placed on said tobacco, balance to be paid when tobacco is sold. Said advance to be based on a general average of 10 cents."

Millions of Pounds.

The officers of the association declared that in 3 to 4 weeks they expect to have fully 1,000,000 pounds of tobacco pledged. The executive committee has been given power to erect suitable buildings here for the storage of the tobacco and to employ a general manager and other officers. The sum of \$250 was raised by popular subscription, to insure the arrangements.

STREET CAR WRECKED: MANY PEOPLE HURT

FORT WORTH, TEX., October 2.—A street car was wrecked near Muskogee, I. T., tonight, eighteen persons were injured, three probably fatally.

FOSTER AND OULD MEET AMICABLY

Eastern State Hospital
Investigating Commit-
tee Hears Evidence.

PERS. MATTER YET TO BE SETTLED

Uneasy Feeling Under the Sur-
face—People of City Divided
in Opinion Regarding the
Controversy—Female
Attendants Espe-
cially Bitter.

[Special From a Staff Correspondent.]
WILLIAMSBURG, VA., October 2.—When the legislative committee reached Williamsburg early this morning it was thought that a personal difficulty would occur between Mr. Eugene Ould, of the committee, and Dr. Foster, superintendent of the Eastern State Hospital, on account of the charges that had publicly been made and the denunciations that had followed.

At the station a number of people had collected, among them Messrs. Peckard, Clowers, an uncle of Eugene Clowers, who shook hands pointedly with Messrs. Sadler and Ould, but did not notice the presence of the other members of the committee.

The two factions of the investigation are getting further and further apart, for while all the members lived together at the same hotel when the committee was first here, this morning Messrs. Sadler and Ould went to one hotel, and Messrs. Peckard, Clowers, Hallam and Holberts drove to another. It is said that the reason of this move was that the porter at the Colonial Hotel made affidavit that Mr. Ould did not return to the hotel from the asylum until after midnight on the occasion of a recent visit to Williamsburg.

Uneasy Feeling Exists.

An uneasy feeling existed until the committee had been called a order, and perhaps fifty or more people gathered outside Cameron Hall. In the asylum grounds, to witness the meeting of Dr. Foster and Mr. Ould.

A sign of relief arose when the incident passed off without trouble. Dr. Foster, when he saw Mr. Ould approach, bowed, stepped forward and extended his hand, which Mr. Ould accepted. The greeting was friendly, and would indicate that neither gentleman would take action regarding the recent controversy until the committee has made its report. Later in the day, while Dr. Foster was on the stand, Mr. Ould asked him a question, which shows that the matter of a personal difficulty is yet to be settled.

Dr. Foster printed an affidavit from Watchman Bowry stating that Mr. Ould left the asylum grounds, where he had been calling upon a young lady, at midnight. It now develops that Bowry is required to report where he is in the suburbs at every hour of the night. Mr. Ould asked Dr. Foster if that was so, and if he had Bowry's report in his office. Dr. Foster replied that he had the report. Mr. Ould, it is rumored, will ask for a copy of this report in order to show which does it best at midnight at the time of his visit.

Trouble Seems Imminent.

While on the surface all is quiet, the people here would not be surprised if trouble should occur at any moment. The city is divided in its opinion of the right and wrong of the Foster-Ould incident, and both sides are open in the denunciation of the other of the two parties. The female attendants are especially bitter in discussing the occurrence, claiming that a great wrong has been done, each one of them since the coming of the lady attendant was not mentioned, and so the attendants are resting under the ban of the charge. The question is discussed in the town. It seems to grow in interest and in power to provoke bitterness of feeling. Every one is asking the committee will investigate the matter, and the mysterious lady will appear before the tribunal.

Met in Cameron Hall.

The committee met in Cameron Hall promptly at 11 o'clock, with every member present.

Fight the Trust.

Mr. Clark, the newly-elected chief engineer of the asylum, was called to the stand and testified regarding the alleged defiance.

His testimony proved very conclusively that there was nothing in the charges, and that the water supply of the hospital is good. Regarding the fire which consumed the old carpenter shop at 2:15 o'clock on the night of June 30th last, Mr. Clark testified that the fire department could not have saved the building, even if there had been a sufficient water supply, but that there was no water in the pipes, and that there was no pressure in the pump.

"Whose fault was it?" asked Chairman Sadler.

"The chief engineers, Mr. Wyncoop's," Mr. Clark replied.

In reply to a question asked by Senator Rison as to why duty it was to keep the pumps in order, Mr. Clark replied, "Mr. Wyncoop's."

Dr. Foster was called to the stand and confirmed Mr. Clark's statements regarding the fire. He said that the board had investigated the matter and had brought in a report that "Wyncoop was derelict in his duty in not keeping the pumps in condition."

Wyncoop, he said, was reprimanded and resigned. Dr. Foster stated that the water works under his administration had been greatly improved, and that there was nothing to criticize in that department of the hospital.

Foster Continues Evidence.

After a recess Dr. Foster continued his evidence.

In answer to a question, asked by Chairman Sadler, of the authorities had not lately purchased rotten meat, Dr. Foster said:

"We did not buy bad meat. We bought good meat, but Armour & Company shipped us bad meat. We returned it."

H. T. Wyncoop, late chief engineer of the asylum, was called.

He testified that he had intended to resign at the end of the year, but that his resignation was hastened by "the way Dr. Foster talked to him the morning of the fire, and the night after the committee left in June." He charged that